# TRANSFORMER TESTING Low Voltage

Pioneer makes sure our products are fully tested to ensure a quality product. Standard tests are done on every Pioneer and Jefferson Electric Transformer.

# Each low voltage transformer is tested

#### Ratio:

The ratio of the number of turns in a higher voltage winding to that in a lower voltage winding. This test confirms the ratio of input voltage to output voltage is correct.

# Core Loss:

Evaluation of no load wattage at rated primary voltage to confirm the core loss. This test confirms the unit meets design requirements.

# Hi-Pot:

Abbreviation for "high potential," used to verify electrical insulation in finished transformers. This test checks for electrical shorts.

# Induced:

Checks the insulation between turns, layers and sections of a winding. This test checks for electrical shorts.

# **Polarity:**

To check the alignment or orientation of a circuit in relation to the parallel or banking of transformers. This test checks that the primary and secondary phase relations are correct.

# **Optional low voltage tests**

# Temperature Rise:

Unit tested to point of steady temperature condition to confirm that it meets required temperature rise.

# Sound Level:

Background noise level measured and unit powered at rated voltage and frequency under no-load conditions to confirm unit meets NEMA ST-20 requirements.

#### Full Load Losses:

Test of load carried by transformer at a specific frequency.

### Impedance:

Test measures the opposition to time-varying electric current in an electric circuit

# Efficiency:

Running different load tests to confirm unit meets efficiency requirements of DOE or CSA802.



#### Certified test reports can be provided upon request.

*Note:* Additional costs apply for all optional testing and certified testing.

Source: Definitions of IEEE Standard Test Codes







PIONEER Dry-Type Transformers 800-892-3755 JEFFERSON ELECTRIC jeffersonelectric.com BEMAG TRANSFORMER bemag.ca

# TRANSFORMER TESTING Medium Voltage

Pioneer makes sure our products are fully tested to ensure a quality product. Standard tests are done on every Pioneer and Jefferson Electric Medium Voltage Transformer.

# Each medium voltage transformer is tested

### **DC Resistance**

Measurement of DC resistance using a resistance bridge.

#### Voltage Ratio (Turns Ratio)

Verification of the turns ratio conforms to design.

#### Impedance

The shorting of one winding and voltage is applied to the other winding. Losses, voltage & current is measured.

# **Applied Voltage**

60 Hz is applied to the winding voltage. Voltage is then applied for one minute to the winding while core & other winding are grounded.

#### Induced Voltage/Load Loss

2X rated voltage between terminals of a winding while all other terminals are open.

# No Load Loss / Excitation Current

Rated voltage is applied to winding, the current & losses are measured.

#### Dialectric

Determines if transformer complies with "over-voltage" requirements.

#### Polarity/Phase-Relation

Determines angular displacement & phase sequence as compared to specification.

#### Electric & Magnetic Field (EMF)

Measures Electric & Magnetic fields produced by the transformer.

# **Optional medium voltage tests**

#### **Temperature Rise:**

Verification the temperature of the transformer "hot spot" over ambient temperature complies to the specification/nameplate rating.

#### Sound Level:

Measures the sound emitted by the transformer.

#### Short Circuit

Confirms the mechanical capability of a transformer can withstand a system short circuit.

#### BIL Level

Determines the ability of the insulation system to withstand a lightning induced voltage surge.

#### Partial Discharge

Tests the integrity of the insulation and the capability to withstand partial discharge.

#### Certified test reports can be provided upon request.

- *Note:* Additional costs apply for all optional testing and certified testing.
- Source: Definitions of IEEE Standard Test Codes







